# **Coptic Lesson 9**

Letter	Shape	Pronunciation	Example
Alpha	s a	A	ART
Vita	B B	V B	VALVE BELL
Ei	<b>Ε</b> ε	E	PEN
Zeta	ζζ	Ζ	<b>Z</b> 00

Letter	Shape	Pronunciation	Example
Yota	11	/	SIT
Kappa	Кĸ	K	LIKE
Mey	U u	М	MOON
Ney	ИИ	N	NEAR

Letter	Shape	Pronunciation	Example
0	00	0	NOT
Sima	Сс	S	CITY
Tav	τ	Т	TEST
Oou	W W	Oa	B <b>oa</b> rd

Letter	Shape	Pronunciation	Example
Eeta	Нн	EE	FEET
Ro	Рр	R	ROAD
		K in some Greek	Kin
Key	XX	words: SH, KH	<b>SH</b> OW " <b>KH</b> IAR"

Letter	Shape	Pronunciation	Example
Ghamma	<u>Σ</u> 2	G Gh ż NG	Д <i>510С</i> БаВрінх Д55ехос
Delta	<u>λ</u> λ	ZTH D	Дшрон Дан
Lola (Lavla)	λλ	L	aRRa

Letter	Shape	Pronunciation	Example
Pee	Ππ	P (as in Paul)	דאושד (pa-iot = my father)
Horee	<u>s</u> S	H (as in House)	nah-ren = before)
Jenja (Gang a)	<b>X</b> x	G (as in <b>G</b> o) J (as in <b>J</b> oy), if followed by <i>єтн</i>	<b>λχπ</b> (Agp = hour) <b>χε</b> (Je = For)

Letter	Shape	Pronunciation	Example
Shy	က် ကိ	Sh (as in <b>Sh</b> ake)	שָא <i>ו</i> (shai =feast)
Theta	θθ	TH (as in <b>Th</b> ink) T (as in <b>T</b> ree) if it follows: ♈.₸.ℚ.C	θαι (Thai = this) αςπαζεςθε (As-pa-zes-te = Greet)
Fee	<b>⊕</b> ∳	PH (as in <b>Ph</b> one)	φερι (phe-ri = new)

Letter	Shape Pronunciation		Example
Epsi	<b>₽</b>	PS (as in <b>Ps</b> almody)	<mark>ψαλμος</mark> (psal-mos = psalm)
Fai	ရ	F (as in <b>F</b> ish)	<mark>qwr</mark> (foi= hair)
Tee	<b>†</b> †	Ti or tee (as in <b>tee</b> pee)	<mark>cw†</mark> (so-tee= save)

Letter	Shape	Pronun- ciation	Example	How to write it
Soo		Soo	Image: Normalized wingsImage: Normalized wingsImage: Normalized wings	

The only use of this letter is the number 6; it always has a bar over it, which indicates that it is a number

Letter	Shape	Pronun -ciation	Example	How to write it
Exsi	ZZZ	x (as in fi <b>x</b> )	Opeo2 o-ZON(ortho-(ortho-zthoxon=orthodox)	

Letter	Shape	Pronun- ciation	Example	How to write it
		V (as in na <b>v</b> e)	CTA rpoc (stav- ros = cross)	
Epsilon	T v	Long O (as in n <b>o</b> )	lwammor (you-an- no = John)	
		E (as in h <b>e</b> ro)	Krpre (Ke-riee = Lord)	

If *r* follows *a* or *\epsilon* it is pronounced V:

**λ**Υ = av ; **ε**Υ = ev

If *r* follows *o* it is pronounced O:

 $\mathbf{0}\mathbf{\hat{v}} = \mathbf{0}\mathbf{0}$ 

Otherwise r is pronounced E:

 $\gamma = e$ 

# Let's read some easy words using these letters

# Αχη Έ

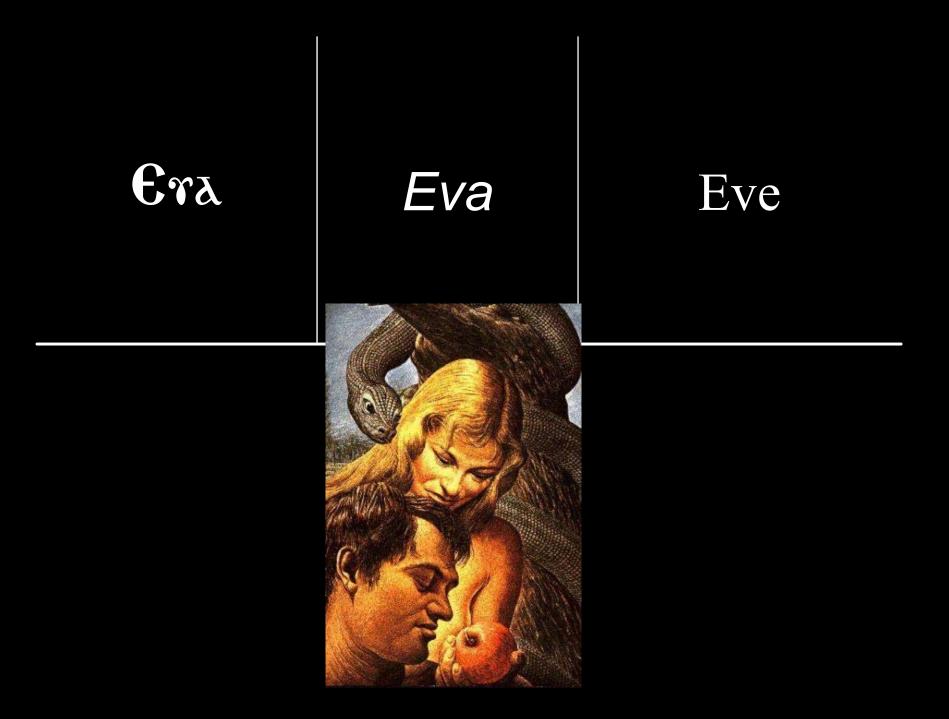
### Agp soo Sixth hour

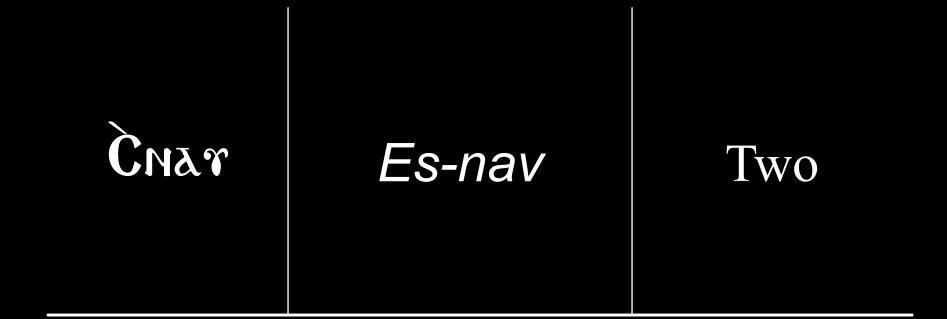


# $\Delta$ οξολοςιλ Zoxo-lo-gia

#### Doxology (praise)









## Uandar

Man-lav

Malawy, Egypt

# **Δλληλογι** Al-lee-loo-ia Alleluia



#### Mannorc Nan-noos

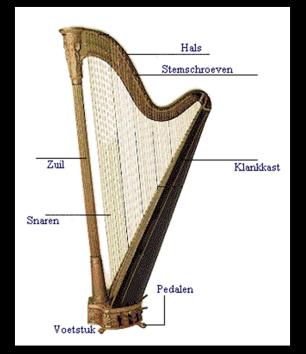
#### Doll



# Ктөара

#### Kee-tha-ra

#### Harp



AZIOC

A-gios

### Worthy

