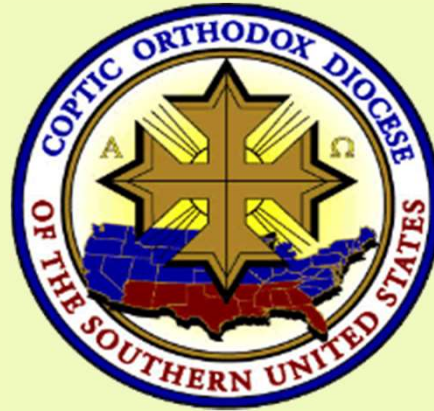


Sunday School Grade 12

A.G.A.P.E. Curriculum

[Appreciating God-Given Abilities of Persons with Exceptionalities]



Coptic Orthodox Diocese of the Southern United States

Under the Auspices of His Grace Bishop Youssef

Πατρισταρκοπος ηρεμνηνηι ηορθοδοζος ητε ηιθωψ ετρωτη ετσαρης

Sunday School Grade 12

A.G.A.P.E. Curriculum

- The A.G.A.P.E. curriculum is for exceptional student education [ESE] for Sunday School. It is designed by the Coptic Orthodox Diocese of the Southern United States.
- This is a modified curriculum designed for individuals with special needs.
- This curriculum is intended to be taught alongside with the general Sunday School program for each grade.

Sunday School Grade 12

A.G.A.P.E. Curriculum

- Inclusion is an important aspect of the social and learning paradigm of individuals with special needs.
- Stewards serving children and youth with special needs should try to integrate the students in the mainstream classes for as much time as can be tolerated by the student with special needs.
- Integration and inclusion foster friendships among the same age peer group.

Preparation for The Tabernacle of Meeting and Its Spiritual Symbols (Part II)

Lessons for the Month of October

- **Lesson Outline: Week 2**
 - The Tabernacle of meeting offered the opportunity for the soul to enter into the presence of his creator.
 - The door of the Tabernacle of Meeting is a symbol of Christ in various ways. The curtains were made of four kinds of material.
 - The curtain had blue a symbol of Christ. Purple is for God the King of Glory. Scarlet is for Christ's wounds. White is for spotless.
 - The bronze altar is considered the biggest piece in the tabernacle of meeting. All the offerings presented on it indicate Christ who suffered on our behalf.
 - The bronze laver symbolizes our second birth, our renewal, and purification through the mystery of baptism.
 - The Ark of Covenant represented the presence of God in the middle of His people. It contained the ten commandments (covenant), jar of manna (mercy) and Aaron's rod (priesthood).

Word Bank

- Souls



- Symbol



- Curtain



- Offering



- Second birth



- Covenant



Objective: Explaining the spiritual symbols of the tabernacle and their continuity in the Church of the New Testament.

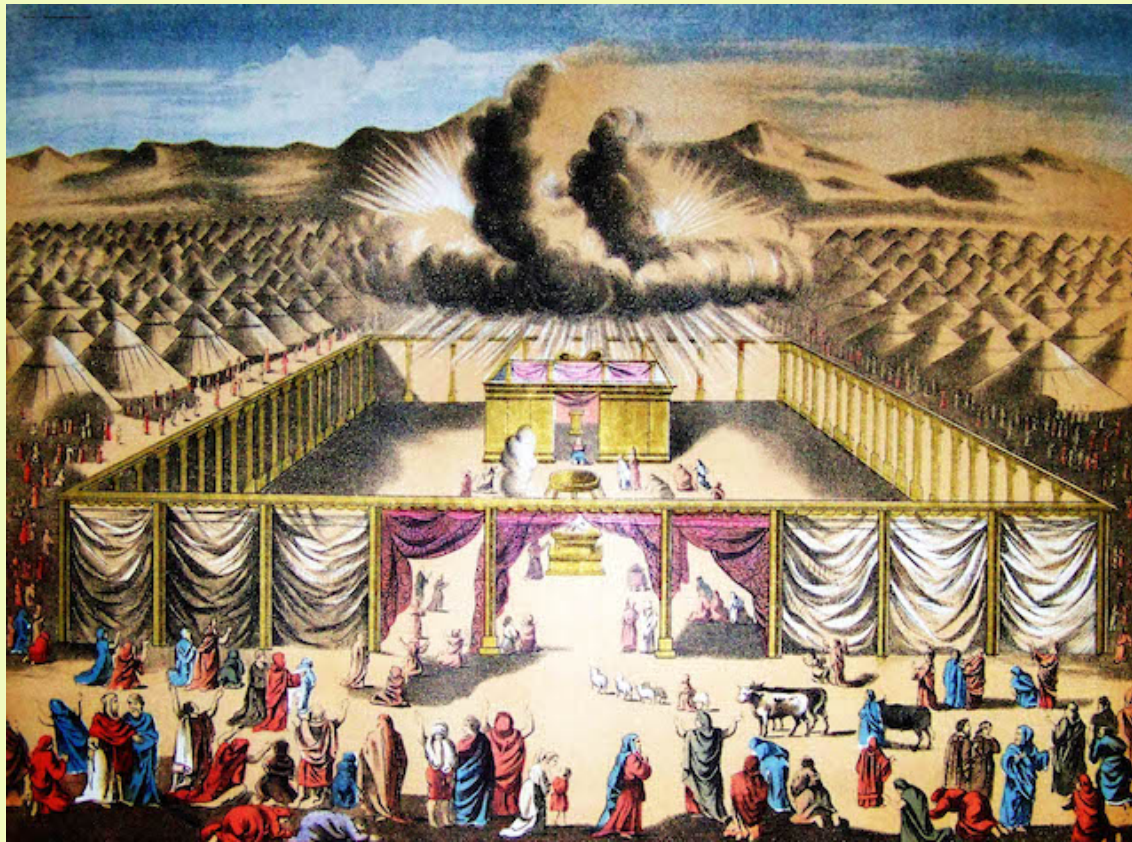


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Memory Verse: “And they shall know that I am the Lord their God, who brought them up out of the land of Egypt, that I may dwell among them. I am the Lord their God” (Exodus 29:46).



The Tabernacle of meeting offered the opportunity for the soul to enter into the presence of his creator.



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The door of the Tabernacle of Meeting is a symbol of Christ in various ways. The curtains were made of four kinds of material.

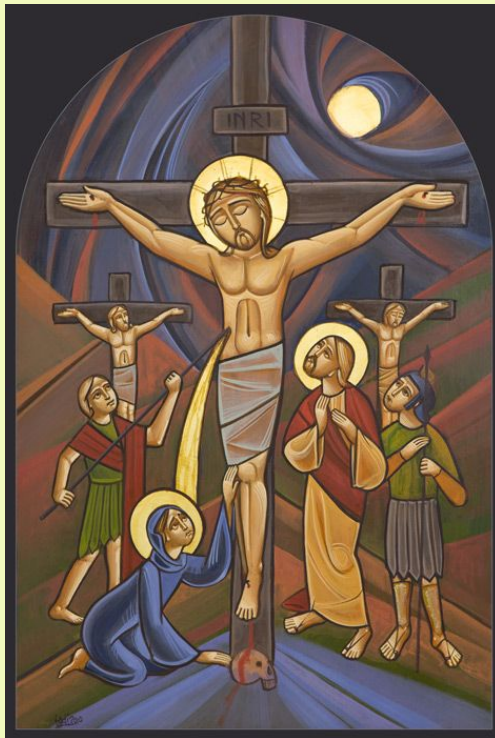


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The curtain had blue a symbol of Christ. Purple is for God the King of Glory. Scarlet is for Christ's wounds. White is for spotless.



The bronze altar is considered the biggest piece in the tabernacle of meeting. All the offerings presented on it indicate Christ who suffered on our behalf.



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The bronze laver symbolizes our second birth, our renewal, and purification through the mystery of baptism.



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The Ark of Covenant represented the presence of God in the middle of His people. It contained the ten commandments (covenant), jar of manna (mercy) and Aaron's rod (priesthood)



The Tabernacle of Meeting and Its Spiritual Symbols (Part II) Lessons for the Month of October

- **Conclusion**
 - The Tabernacle of meeting offered the opportunity for the soul to enter into the presence of his creator.
 - The door of the Tabernacle of Meeting is a symbol of Christ in various ways. The curtains were made of four kinds of material.
 - The curtain had blue a symbol of Christ. Purple is for God the King of Glory. Scarlet is for Christ's wounds. White is for spotless.
 - The bronze altar is considered the biggest piece in the tabernacle of meeting. All the offerings presented on it indicate Christ who suffered on our behalf.
 - The bronze laver symbolizes our second birth, our renewal, and purification through the mystery of baptism.
 - The Ark of Covenant represented the presence of God in the middle of His people. It contained the ten commandments (covenant), jar of manna (mercy) and Aaron's rod (priesthood).
- To God be the glory, forever, Amen.

Resources

- Application
 - Coordinate a time for A.G.A.P.E. students to interact with non-A.G.A.P.E. students.
- Activities—Customize according to student abilities, speech, and fine and gross motor skills.
 - Coloring/Painting
 - Cut and Paste
 - Music/Games
- References
 - <http://www.suscopts.org/ssc/Grade12.pdf>